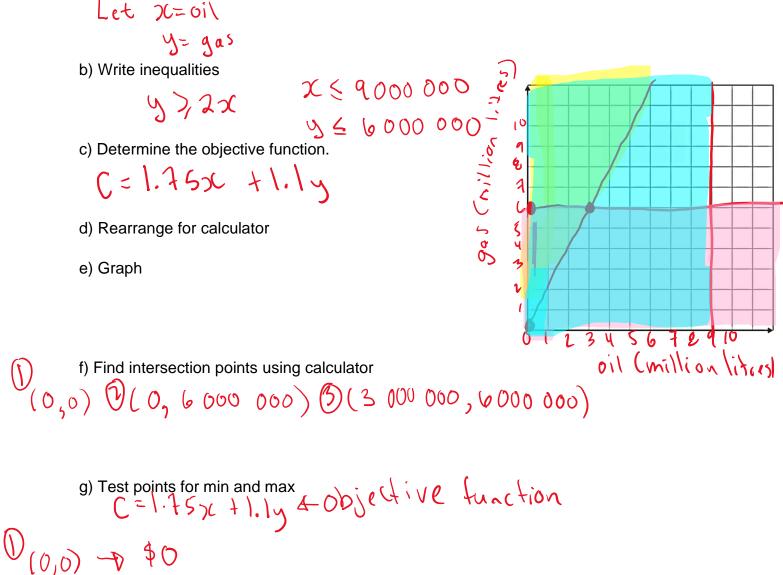
Optimization: Part 2	Name:
Foundations 11	Block: Date:

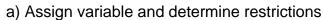
Ex.

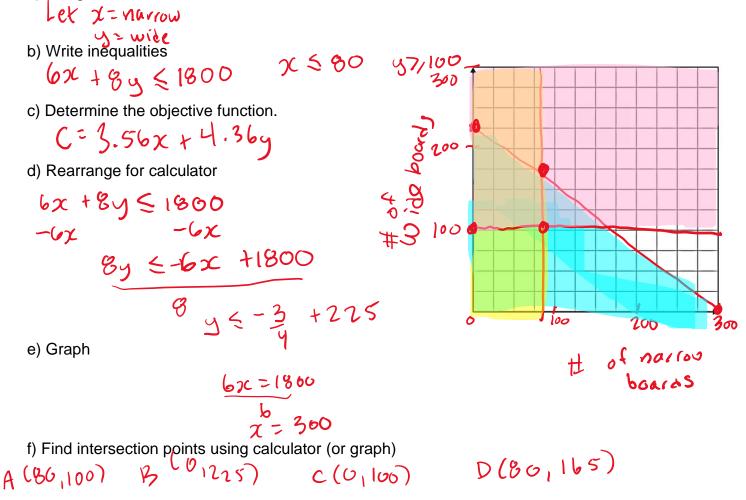
A refinery produces oil and gas. At least 2 L of gasoline is produced for each liter of heating oil. The refinery can produce up to 9 million liters of heating oil and 6 million liters of gasoline each day. Gasoline is projected to sell for \$1.10 per liter. Heating oil is projected to sell for \$1.75 per liter. The company needs to determine the daily combination of gas and heating oil that must be produced to maximize revenue.

a) Assign variable and determine restrictions



(1) (0) + 1.1 (6000 000) = 46 600 000(2) 1.75(0) + 1.1 (6000 000) = 411 850 000(3) 1.75 (3000 000) + 1.1 (6000 000) = 411 850 000MAX revenue Ex. L&G Construction is competing for a contract to build a fence. The fence will be no longer than 50 yards and will consist of narrow boards that are 6 inches wide and wide boards that are 8 inches wide. There must be no fewer than 100 wide boards and no more than 80 narrow boards. The narrow boards cost \$3.56 each and the wide boards cost \$4.36 each. Determine the maximum and minimum costs for the lumber to build the fence.





g) Test points for min and max (A) $3.56^{(20)} + 4.36(100) = 4720.80$ (B) $3.56^{(20)} + 4.36(100) = 4436$ (MIN) (MIN) (B) $3.56^{(20)} + 4.36^{(225)}$ $3.56^{(20)} + 4.36^{(105)} = 4104.20$